IT Cluster Vienna | Cloud Computing Group

Publisher: Paul Meinl

# **Check list** for the SaaS contract

vienna business agency

IT-Cluster Vienna

# Check list for the contract negotiation

This check list is intended for simpler cases of SaaS contract negotiations. If it is not adequate for your purposes, a comprehensive checklist is available for download at http://saas.clusterwien.at/5560585.0 It makes most sense for both contractual parties to use the checklist together as the basis for negotiation talks. As these talks can often last for several days, the individual points that have been successfully finalised should be ticked and dated. The results on each point must be recorded in writing in an essential accompanying report. The accompanying report and the questionnaire shall be signed by both parties and will be used as evidence and an appendix to the SaaS contract. This increases the chances that the key sticking points will be clarified before the contract is concluded and implemented.

Information marked in red can be found in the guideline "Software as a Service – Concluding contracts correctly" (@ SAAS GUIDE).

No. Description SaaS Guide 🗹 Date
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#### Performance and remuneration

	1.1 Subject of the contract				
1	Are the key properties of the software/hardware to be used known (functions, memory capacity, user numbers, transaction volume, response time behaviour etc.)?	→ 1.2.1   → 1.2.3   → 1.2.12   → 4.1			
2	Definitions clarified and specified (glossary and list of abbreviations)?	→ 1.2.2			
	1.2 Provision, operation and support				
3	When can test operation and live operation be started?	→ 1.2.3 □ → 1.2.9			
4	How are existing data transferred at the start of operation (media, formats, structures)?				
5	Can operating times and requirements be achieved?	→ 1.2.3			
	1.3 Availability of overall service				
6	What availability can the supplier pledge for its services and for what assessment period and at what cost?	<ul> <li>→ 1.2.12</li> <li>→ 3.2</li> <li>→ 3.3</li> </ul>			
	1.4 Customer-specific developments				
7	What further supplements/enhancements are already planned?	→ 1.2.7 □ → 1.2.8			
8	If supplements/enhancements are mandatory, to what extent is the supplier prepared to grant the customer a right of termination?	→ 1.2.7 □ → 1.2.14			
	1.5 Data protection and data backup				
9	What is the data backup like?	→ 1.2.5			
10	How is data protection ensured and how is the Data Protection Act implemented?	→ 1.2.5 □ → 1.2.18			
11	What is access to the data backups like (also in relation to necessary changes or deletions, § 27 DSG [Data Protection Act] 2000)	→ 2.1.4			

No.	Description	🖙 SaaS Guide	Ø	Date
	1.6 System requirements for the customer			
12	What system requirements (hardware and software) are needed from the customer?	→ 1.2.6		
13	What update cycles are absolutely necessary for hardware and software?	→ 1.2.7		
14	What network requirements (bandwidth, router, protocols, network addresses) are expected and can be achieved?	→ 2.1.8		
15	Who is responsible for the network on the customer's premises?	→ 3.3		
	1.7 Training and support			I
16	What training can the supplier offer/carry out? What content will be covered and how many people can be trained?	→ 1.2.11		
17	What requirements must staff meet before they are trained?	→ 1.2.11		
18	Costs and time for training (per person and module)?	→ 1.2.11 → 1.2.13		
	1.8 Remuneration and payment conditions			
19	How will the supplier's services be invoiced (individually, at a flat rate, according to time or according to use of components)?	→ 1.2.13		
	1.9 Term and cancellation			
20	What contract term is the supplier aiming to achieve (unlimited, limited, waiver of entitle- ment to termination for one or both parties)?	→ 1.2.14		
21	What regulations (data transfer and deletion etc.) are provided for the end of the contract?	→ 1.2.14 → 2.3.1		
22	How and in what period of time can the supplier reliably conduct and document the dele- tion of backups after the end of the contract?	→ 1.2.14		
	1.10 Warranty			
23	To what extent is the supplier prepared to undertake the statutory warranty for its services (as per §§ 922-933 and §§ 1096-1097 ABGB [General Civil Code])?	→ 1.2.19		
24	What deadlines are agreed for the reporting of deficiencies?	→ 1.2. 19		
	1.11 Compensation			
25	To what extent are the supplier and the customer prepared to be liable even for slight negligence?	→ 1.2.20		
26	How will the settlement be carried out between the parties in relation to claims for com- pensation from third parties (infringement of third party rights by one of the parties)?	→ 1.2.20		
	1.12 Exemption from performance and force majeure	•		
27	What events are seen as force majeure and what other external influences will be included as reasons for exemption from performance?	→ 1.2.21		
	1.13 Company transfer			
28	Which companies are at least currently not acceptable for the customer/supplier if they conduct a friendly or hostile takeover of the supplier/customer or a merger is imminent between them and the supplier/customer or they are able to exert a significant influence over the supplier/customer?	→ 1.2.22		
	1.14 Bankruptcy			
29	What precautions have been implemented so that the customer will have access to its data if the supplier goes bankrupt?	→ 1.4		
30	Is a backup of the customer's data and the software used by the supplier outside of the supplier's domain possible and at what cost?	→ 1.4		

No.	Description	🖙 SaaS Guide	$\checkmark$	Date
31	Is an alternative supplier conceivable in the event of bankruptcy and can the supplier name	→ 1.4		
	a supplier who is authorised as per insolvency law?			
	1.15 Compliance			
32	Does the supplier comply with the Austrian Corporate Governance rules?	→ 1.5		
33	If the customer has to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (USA, SOX), is the supplier prepared for this and does it consent to US-certified specialists inspecting its services for conformity with the SOX?	→ 1.5		

### Datenschutz- und Datensicherheit

	2.1 Technical security		
	2.1.1 Redundant memory networks		
34	Which redundancy concepts are applied or available?	→ 2.1.1	
	2.1.2 Up-to-date information		
35	How often is a data backup created (time interval/type)?	→ 2.1.2	
36	Where is the backup data and is it physically secure?		
	2.1.3 Data recovery		
37	How is data recovered following loss or damage?	→ 2.1.3	
38	What time span has to be planned in for this?	→ 2.1.3	
39	Is differentiation according to databases possible?	→ 2.1.3	
40	Are data recovery tests also carried out and at what intervals?		
	2.1.4 Protection against malware	1	
41	What safeguards does the supplier use against malware and which should the customer use?	→ 2.1.7	
42	How often are these protection programs updated or should they be updated?	→ 2.1.7	
	2.2 Organisational security	1	
	2.2.1 Protection against access by unauthorised persons		
43	What password security methods are proposed for the employees of the customer or the supplier?	→ 2.2.1	
44	Do the databases allow differentiated access protection for data and datasets and for the programmes that are used?	→ 2.2.1	
	2.3 General	·	
	2.3.1 Data availability when the software service is not available		
45	Can the supplier provide an export function which makes the customer's data available so that it can also be read and processed by other programs?	→ 2.3.1	
46	Do these programs already have to be specifically named now?	→ 2.3.1	
47	How often and in what way can the supplier legally provide the customer with its data so that even an executive intervention in relation to the supplier will not prevent the customer from accessing its data?	→ 2.3.1	
48	How can the supplier ensure that the programs it uses will be available for the customer to use legally in the event of executive access to the supplier?	→ 2.3.1	



No.	Description	🖙 SaaS Guide	🗹 Date
	2.3.2 Erasure of data		
49	Is it possible for individual pieces of data/entire datasets to be deleted on the request of the person in question and/or as a result of statutory requirements in all backups (§ 6(1)(5) DSG 2000)?	→ 2.3.2	
50	Is it possible for datasets to be blocked for certain periods in the databases (§ 26(7) DSG 2000)?	→ 2.3.2	
	2.3.3 Data protection		
51	Are the supplier and its employees familiar with the Data Protection Act?	→ 2.3.3	
52	Have its employees received corresponding instructions and have they signed declarations? Can these be inspected?	→ 2.3.3	
53	Have the databases provided to the customer been designed so that they can meet the requirements of §§ 6, 7, 9, 14 and 26 DSG 2000?	<ul> <li>→ 2.3.2</li> <li>→ 2.3.3</li> </ul>	
54	Is the supplier prepared to allow the data protection commission or experts which it com- missions to carry out the investigations required by law on its premises at any time?	→ 2.3.3	

## System reliability

	3.1 Clarification from the supplier				
55	Is the supplier prepared to comprehensibly present and explain the matter of system reli- ability before the contract is concluded?	→ 3.1			
	3.2 Agreement of the permitted downtimes				
56	Has the customer given notification of its desired operating hours? Has it fully defined the percentage availabilities for all departments?	→ 3.2			
57	Have the corresponding measurement periods also been proposed?	→ 3.2			
	3.3 Specifying the methods for ascertaining failures				
58	Have various failure scenarios been investigated and substantiated?	→ 3.3			
59	How are failures identified?	→ 3.3			
60	Have the responsibilities for this been clarified?	→ 3.3			
61	Have any possible external service providers also been included in this and have they been assigned acceptance of responsibilities?	→ 3.3			
	3.4 Defined follow-up actions				
62	Have the reactions to an error notification from the customer been discussed and the meas- urement methods and organisational units for remedying by the supplier been defined? How does escalation work?	→ 3.4			
63	Have the mutual obligations to recover the contractual state been agreed?	→ 3.4			